

2021December1PACStaffRptHampton/Woodland 001

Planning Advisory Committee December 6th, 2021

To: Chair and Members of Rothesay Planning Advisory Committee

From: Brian L. White, MCIP, RPP

Director of Planning and Development Services

Date: Wednesday, December 01, 2021

Subject: Rezoning - 36 Unit Apartment Building - 95 Hampton Road

Applicant/owner:	Brett Taylor, Director	Applicant/owner:	KV Properties Ltd.
Mailing Address:	14 Wiltshire Drive Quispamsis NB E2E 0E9	Mailing Address:	1 Magnolia Lane PO Box 100 Rothesay, NB E2E 3L2
Property Location:	95 Hampton Road	PIDs:	30130314, 30130322, 00242495, 00242495, 00242271, 30130348, 30020051, 30130355
Plan Designation:	Commercial & High Density	Zone:	R1B & Central Commercial
Application For:	36 unit residential apartm	ent building	
Input from Other Sources:			

ORIGIN:

An application from Brett Taylor, Director of KV Properties Ltd. to rezone 5143.5m² (1.27 acres) of land (see Map 1) at 95 Hampton Road and Woodland Avenue from Single Family Residential – Standard Zone [R1B] and Central Commercial to the Multi-Unit Residential Zone [R4] for a 36 unit apartment building subject to the terms of a development agreement.



Figure 1 - Architectural Rendering of Proposed 36 Unit Apartment Building

BACKGROUND:

The subject parcels (8 separate Parcel Identifier Numbers (PIDs)) of land are designated for both Central Commercial and High Density residential uses (see Map 2). The applicant has a tentative purchase agreement with Mr. Brian Edwards who owns two of the eight properties subject to the land assembly. The property has frontage on Hampton Road although access will be via Woodland Avenue, which will be constructed by the developer. Staff note the proposed location of the building occupies the rear portion of the property in order to preserve the Hampton Road frontage for future commercial development.

The proposed building also is setback 5meters from the shared rear property boundary with 42-48 Clark Road. The proposed 5-meter setback does not meet the by-law minimum requirement of a 7.5-meter setback. Staff are reviewing the site plan and building location with the applicant to evaluate alternatives.

The property location is in area that marks the entry into Rothesay's commercial corridor. The property also fronts on what was known as NB Provincial Highway No.9 the "old Hampton Highway". Hampton Road is a provincially designated highway and is generally considered as Rothesay's "main street".



Figure 2 - Property Location (95 Hampton Road)

In general, Staff support the redevelopment of the property for higher density residential and note the added population to the area will support the existing schools and businesses in area. Also interesting to note that as our population ages and household sizes shrink this form of higher density becomes increasingly the preferred housing option, in that respect the proposed location is well suited to this form of housing.

¹ A land assembly or assemblage is the process of purchasing various smaller, contiguous parcels of property to merge them into one large land parcel or property.



Figure 3 - Proposed Site Plan (36-unit apartment building)

The Municipal Plan By-law 1-20 does contain policy direction (see Policy HDR-4 follows) that would allow Council to consider the application.

The commercial areas in Rothesay are focal points for residents, whether they are shopping or socializing. Council recognizes this function of commercial space as potential opportunity sites where <u>higher density residential may be added</u> as a means of providing people with better access to the Town's services, to reduce sprawl, to permit a livelihood that allows for walkability and less car dependence, and to increase density in and around the Town's commercial areas.

Policy HDR-4 High-density Residential:

COUNCIL SHALL Consider that High-density Residential (R6) development may be appropriate throughout the Commercial Designation², and may consider multi-unit dwellings through the rezoning and development agreement process where such development demonstrates compliance with the following requirements:

- a) Subject lands are adjacent to or in close proximity to collector or arterial streets and transit routes;
- b) The maximum density does not exceed 100 square metres of land per apartment unit;
- c) Subject lands are adequate in size relative to the intensity and scale of the proposed land development;
- d) The subject lands do not exceed 1 acre in total area (or 40 apartment units);
- e) Underground parking is provided;

² Although the property is not designated Commercial Council can consider amendments to the Zoning By-law on lands that adjoin a different land use designation (see Policy IM-14 Adjoining Designations)

- f) Require the developer provide a technical wind and shadow study, to be completed by a certified professional, to ensure the proposed development does not generate excessive wind or cast a shadow on abutting properties or public road right-of-way that would detract from the quality, enjoyment, or use of the space.
- g) Require the developer to complete a traffic impact assessment for the proposed development on the surrounding area completed by a qualified transportation engineer or other technical specialist;
- h) Excellence in site design best practices addressing features such as Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles, urban design, and high quality landscaping; and
- i) A building design of high quality that is consistent with community values and architectural best practices.

ANALYSIS:

Policy HDR-4 High-density Residential

Staff Comment

Subject lands are adjacent to or in close proximity to collector or arterial streets and transit routes;	The proposed building has frontage on Hampton Road with access through Woodland Avenue. A traffic impact statement was prepared to determine any additional traffic enhancement or requirements. Staff are still reviewing the traffic study and are considering the possibility of connecting Woodland Avenue through to Hampton Road. No determination regarding Woodland Avenue has been made yet.
The maximum density does not exceed 100 square meters of land per apartment unit;	The 8 properties have a total area of 5143.5m ² (1.27 acres) in area and proposed density at 36 units does not exceed the 100m ² of land per apartment unit. As noted earlier the applicant anticipates future commercial development of the front portion of the site; however, no less than 3600 square meters of the property would need to be allocated for the apartment building. The remaining balance 1,543.5m ² could be retained under its current commercial zoning for future development consideration.
Subject lands are adequate in size relative to the intensity and scale of the proposed land development;	The proposed building would be located in an area containing a variety of uses including commercial (93-101 Hampton Road & 48-50 Clark Road), multi-unit residential (19 Woodland Avenue) and low-density (42-46 Clark Road) residential uses.
The subject lands do not exceed 1 acre in total area (or 40 apartment units);	As noted the entire parcel of land has a total area of 5143.5m ² , which exceeds the (4000m ²) limit on project density however, the project density at 36 units complies with the policy restriction on density. Furthermore, the applicant could easily consolidate the 8 property parcels to comply with plan policy.

Underground parking is provided;

Require the developer provide a technical wind and shadow study, to be completed by a certified professional, to ensure the proposed development does not generate excessive wind or cast a shadow on abutting properties or public road right-of-way that would detract from the quality, enjoyment, or use of the space.

Require the developer to complete a traffic impact assessment for the proposed development on the surrounding area completed by a qualified transportation engineer or other technical specialist;

Excellence in site design best practices addressing features such as Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles, urban design, and high quality landscaping; and

A building design of high quality that is consistent with community values and architectural best practices.

The proposal includes indoor parking on the building's main level and a combination of sheltered and open surface parking.

The developer is preparing a technical shadow study of the proposed building.

Staff are still reviewing the developer's traffic impact statement.

Staff note that because the proposed building would potentially share a property boundary with potentially a future commercial parking lot it will be very important to define property lines with landscaping and fencing such that commercial customers are clear about the private property and do not use the property.

Staff believe that the flat roof modern style of architecture in this mixed-use neighbourhood achieves good design as the scale, bulk and height of the building is appropriate to the existing or desired future character of Hampton Road and surrounding buildings. Staff are however, still reviewing the use of façade colours and materials to potentially mitigate the bright white appearance of the building and perhaps introduce materials that are more natural.



The use of wood siding in combination with other materials can break up the façade's massing and add warmth and texture.

DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT:

Staff will prepare a development agreement for PAC's review before proceeding to Council. A development agreement is a contract between Rothesay and the property owners that specify the details and obligations of the individual parties concerning the proposed development. Implementation Policy IM-13 states that Council shall consider development agreement applications pursuant to the relevant policies of the Municipal Plan and consideration of the following:

	Implementation Policy IM-13	Staff Review
	That the proposal is not premature or inappropriate by reason of:	
	The financial capability of Rothesay to absorb any costs relating to the development;	Staff are still considering options with regard to the creation of driveway on Woodland Avenue or the development of connected public street.
2)	The adequacy of municipal wastewater facilities, storm water systems or water distribution systems;	Staff believe that the municipal infrastructure is adequate for the proposed development.
3)	The proximity of the proposed development to schools, recreation or other municipal facilities and the capability of these services to satisfy any additional demands;	Staff believe the schools, recreation or other municipal facilities in the neighbourhood are adequate for the proposed development.
4)	The adequacy of road networks leading to or within the development; and	Staff are still reviewing the traffic study.
5)	The potential for damage or destruction of designated historic buildings and sites.	There are no historic buildings or sites identified within the project's vicinity.
В.	that controls are placed on the proposed development so as to reduce conflict with any adjacent or nearby land uses by reason of:	
1.	Type of use;	The multi-unit residential is a compatible use with the surrounding businesses.
2.	Height, bulk and lot coverage of any proposed building;	Staff's main concern is the proposed reduced rear yard setback of 5m, otherwise the proposed building Height, bulk and lot coverage comply with the by-law.
3.	Traffic generation, access to and egress from the site, and parking; open storage; and	Staff are reviewing the traffic study.
4.	Signage.	No commercial signage is requested.
	That the proposed development is suitable in terms of the steepness of grades, soil and geological conditions, proximity to watercourses, or wetlands and lands that are vulnerable to flooding.	The property is poorly drained and therefore not suitable for development of underground parking and therefore the developer has proposed parking on the main level of the building.

KENNEBECASIS VALLEY FIRE DEPARTMENT:

As is required by Municipal Plan **Policy FR-7**, the KVFD must review proposals for new development projects to ensure that public safety and firefighting concerns are addressed. KV Fire Department are still reviewing the proposed development.

POLLING:

Staff will prepare a polling notification letter to be sent to surrounding property owners.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

Staff recommend the Planning Advisory Committee consider the following MOTION:

- A. PAC HEREBY Tables the rezoning application for 95 Hampton Road pending the receipt of a supplemental staff report containing the following:
 - 1. Additional project details from the applicant;
 - 2. Staff review and recommendation of traffic and access;
 - 3. Polling results;
 - 4. Review by KVFD; and
 - 5. Draft development agreement and rezoning By-law.

Map 1

Property Location Map

Map 2

Future Land Use Designation (Municipal Plan)

Attachment A

Proposed Development Submission from Applicant

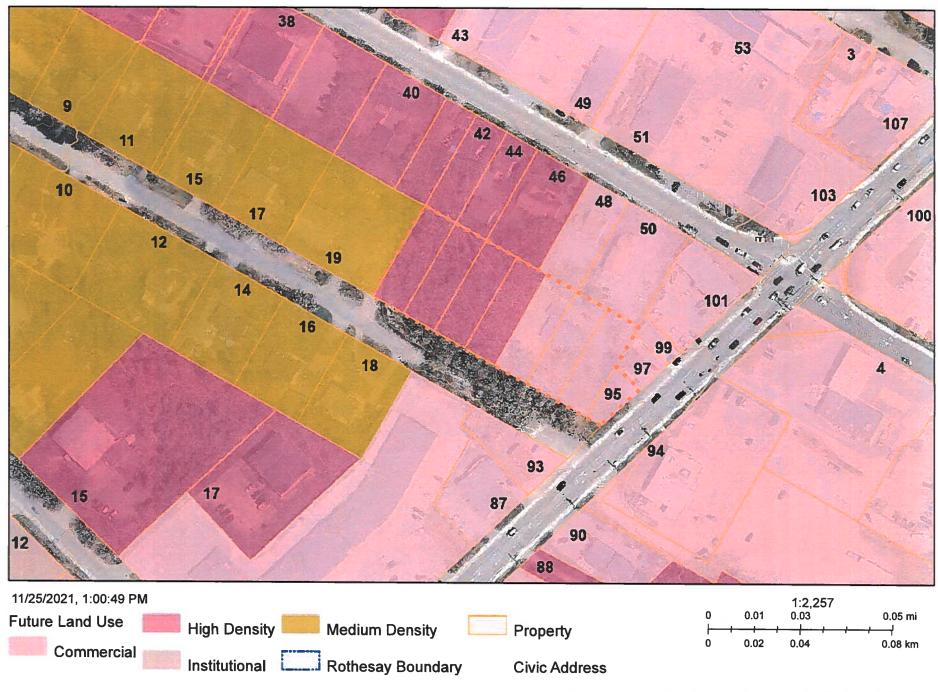
Report Prepared by: Brian L. White, MCIP, RPP

Date: Wednesday, December 01, 2021

2021December1PACStaffRptHampton/Woodland_008 Property Location



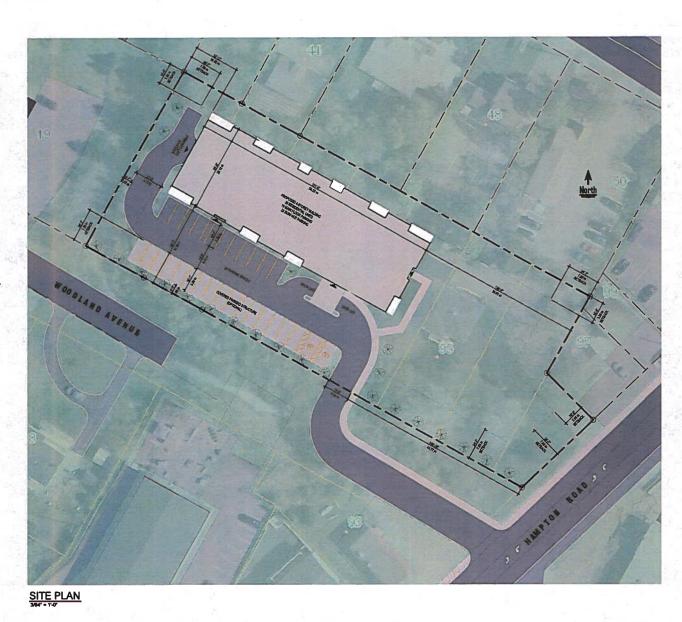
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SCHEMATIC SUMMARY





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KV PROPERTIES

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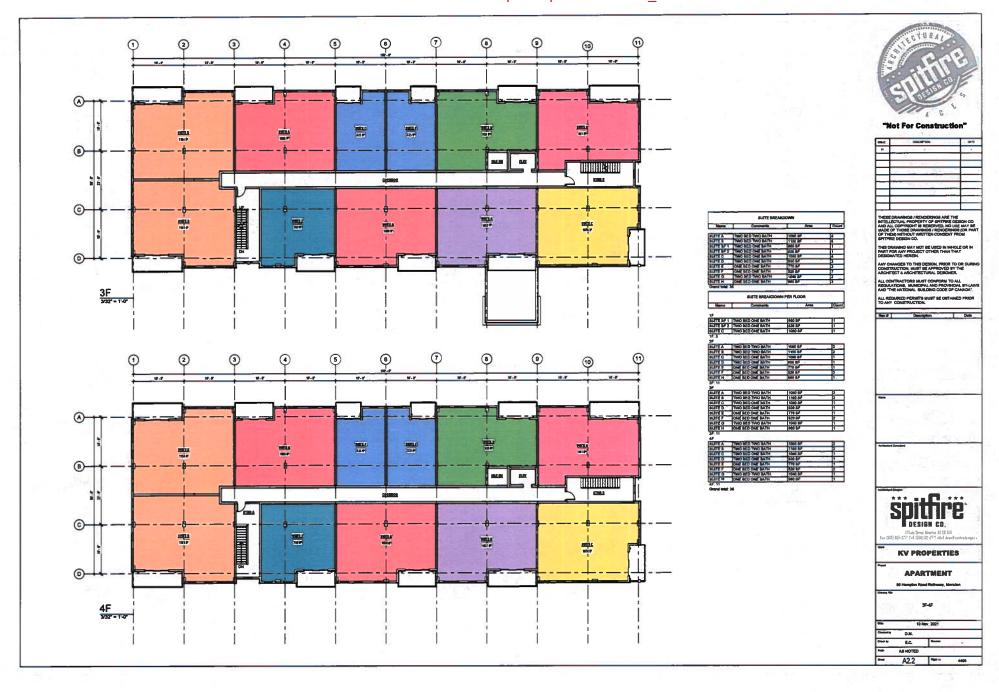
SITE PLAN

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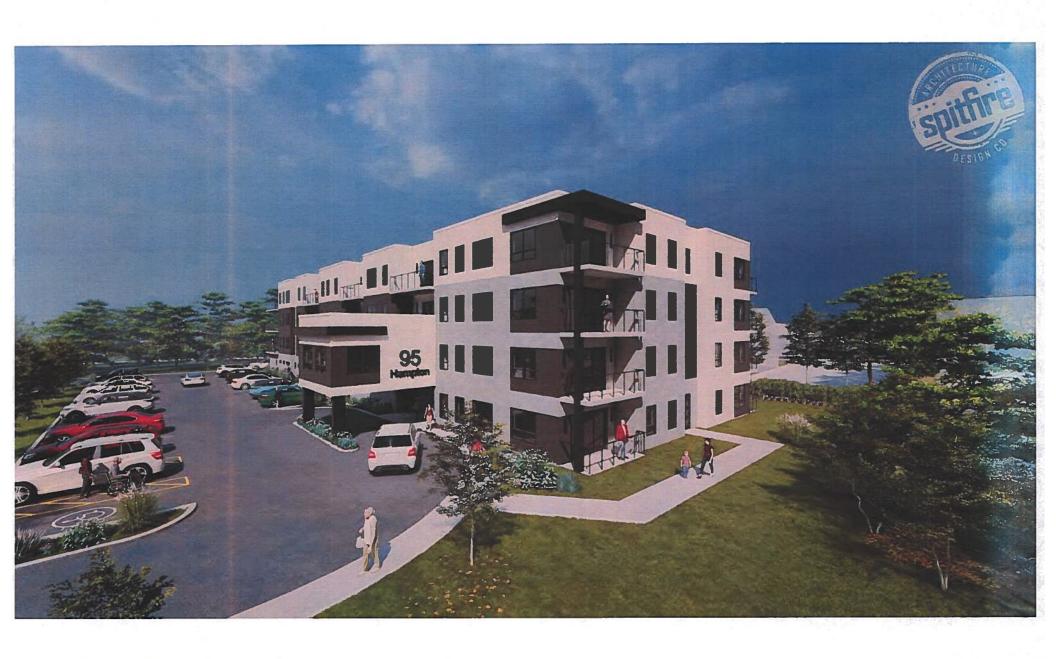
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Subject: Traffic Memo – Hampton Road Apartments Traffic Impact Statement

June 28, 2021

June 28, 2021

Brett Taylor KV Properties Limited 1 Magnolia Lane Rothesay (NB) E2E 3L2

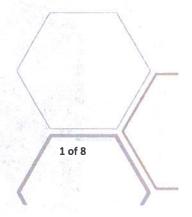
Subject: Traffic Memo – Hampton Road Apartments Traffic Impact Statement

Englobe Ref. 2105853

INTRODUCTION

A new residential development has been proposed at 95 Hampton Road in the Town of Rothesay. The development will consist of a 40-unit apartment building with both underground and service level parking facilities. Access to the site will be facilitated off a new section of Woodland Avenue. This new section of the street will connect onto Hampton Road west of the development site. The new section of Woodland Avenue will end near the development site access and will not connect to the existing section of Woodland Avenue until some point later in the future.

As part of the development approval process, the Town of Rothesay requires that a Traffic Impact Statement (TIS) be completed for this development. The primary concern is how the development will impact traffic along Hampton Road and how the site will be accessed. KV Properties Ltd. has retained Englobe Corp. to complete this TIS. The Study Area for this TIS includes the proposed development site, the new section of Woodland Avenue, the intersection of Hampton Road and Marr Road/Clark Road, as well as the section of Hampton Road between Woodland Avenue and Marr Road/Clark Road, as shown in **Figure 1**. Should all the approvals be granted, it is expected that the proposed development will be fully operational in 2023, therefore 2028 was chosen as the future horizon year for the analysis.



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Figure 1 – Study Area

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EXISTING CONDITIONS

Streets and Intersections

Hampton Road is a local collector street as well as a provincially designated arterial highway (Route 100). Hampton Road is oriented in the north-south direction and is a primary travel corridor through the Town of Rothesay, providing access to residential, commercial and institutional land uses. Near the development site, Hampton Road carries Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) volumes of approximately 10,500 vehicles per day and has one lane of traffic in each direction that are separated by a two-way left turn lane. Hampton Road features sidewalk along both sides of the street.

Woodland Avenue is a local street that extends in the east-west direction. The east end of Woodland Avenue ends approximately 80 m west of Hampton Road. The proposed new section of Woodland Avenue will be aligned with the existing section of the street, however it will not connect through to it. The new section of Woodland Avenue will intersect with Hampton Road at a t-intersection. Stop control will be provided on the Woodland Avenue approach.

The Hampton Road / Marr Road / Clark Road intersection is a 4-legged signalized intersection and is located approximately 100 m north of the proposed Woodland Avenue section. The north and south approaches are located on Hampton Road, while the east and west approaches are located on Marr Road and Clark Road, respectively. Crosswalks are present across all approaches.

Traffic Volumes

Peak hour turning movement counts were completed by Englobe in February, 2016 at the intersection of Hampton Road and Marr Road/Clark Road. These data were used to estimate the future traffic volumes along Hampton Road near the proposed development site. The 2016 traffic data are provided in **Appendix A**.

DEVELOPMENT TRAFFIC GENERATION

Trip generation rates for the proposed development were estimated using the ITE TripGen Web-based App, which is based on the 10th Edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineer's (ITE) *Trip Generation Manual*. The proposed development will consist of a mid-rise residential building with 40 dwelling units, therefore ITE Land Use #221 (Multifamily Housing — Mid-Rise) was used to generate trips for the development. The resulting vehicle trip generation is shown in **Table 1**. It was assumed that all of these trips would be made by motor vehicle as that would represent a conservative approach in estimating traffic generation.

Table 1 - Traffic Generation for Proposed Development

								1
Development	Size	A٨	N Peak H	lour	PN	Peak H	our	Daily
Development	3126	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	Total
Multifamily Housing - Mid-Rise (ITE Land Use #221)	40 Dwelling Units	3	11	14	11	7	18	218

Englobe Corp.

The development traffic was assigned to the new Hampton Road / Woodland Avenue intersection and the Hampton Road / Marr Road / Clark Road intersection based on the existing traffic distributions along Hampton Road. The 2028 horizon year traffic volumes were estimated by applying an annual growth rate of $1.0\,\%$ to the 2016 data and adding the development traffic. The 2028 traffic volumes at the intersections of Hampton Road / Woodland Avenue and Hampton Road / Marr Road / Clark Road with the development in place are shown in **Figure 2.**



Figure 2 – 2028 Traffic Volumes with Development Traffic

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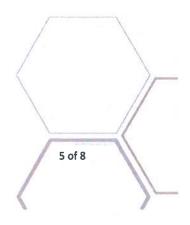
LEVEL OF SERVICE ANALYSIS

A Level of Service (LOS) analysis was completed for the 2028 traffic conditions at the new Hampton Road / Woodland Avenue intersection and at the Hampton Road / Marr Road / Clark Road intersection with the proposed residential development in place. The 2028 LOS results for the two intersections with the development in place are summarized as follows:

- In 2028, the Hampton Road / Woodland Avenue intersection would operate efficiently at an overall LOS A during both peak periods. All individual movements would operate at a LOS B or better.
- In 2028, the Hampton Road / Marr Road / Clark Road intersection would operate efficiently at an overall LOS C during both peak periods.
- During the PM peak period, the eastbound left turn and northbound through movements at the Hampton Road / Marr Road / Clark Road intersection would operate at a LOS E with v/c ratios of 0.91 and 1.02, respectively. The 95th percentile queue length at the northbound approach would be approximately 128 m.
- All other individual turning movements would operate at a LOS D or better during both peak periods.

The LOS results indicate that, in 2028 with the additional development traffic, the intersection of Hampton Road and Woodland Avenue will operate efficiently. The intersection of Hampton Road and Marr Road / Clark Road will also operate efficiently overall, with some delay for the northbound through traffic and eastbound left turn traffic during the evening peak period. This is a result of the background traffic growth and not the development traffic, as only 1-2 vehicles were added to these movements from the development. The 95th percentile queue length for northbound through traffic is estimated at 128 metres, which is greater than the distance of 100 metres that will be provided between the Hampton Road / Marr Road / Clark Road intersection and the proposed Woodland Avenue extension.

The LOS results, including average delay, volume to capacity (v/c) ratios, and the 95th percentile queue lengths for the 2028 traffic conditions with the development in place are summarized in **Table 2**. Detailed Synchro analysis outputs are included in **Appendix B**.



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Table 2 – 2028 LOS with Development

Intersection		Overall LOS, Delay					Averag [Volu	Turning Mov e Delay (sec ime to Capa 5 th Percentil	onds per ve city Ratio (v	hicle) /c)]					
			(sec/veh)		Eastbound			Westbound			Northboun	ıd		Southbound	d
North-South Street @	Traffic	Time		L	T	R	L	T	R	L	Ŧ	R	L	Ţ	R
East-West Street	Control	Period		4	1		1	1		1	1		4	Î	P
Hampton Road @	STOP	AM Peak	LOS A 0.2	8 14.3 [0.03] <1	• 7	B 14.3 [0.03] <1	Shared	Shared	Shared	A 8.7 [0.00] 0	A 0.0 [0.23] 0	Shared	Shared	A 0.0 [0.35] 0	Shared
Woodland Avenue		PM Peak	LOS A 0.2	B 14.9 [0.02] <1		B 14.9 [0.02] <1	Shared	Shared	Shared	A 8.1 [0.01] <1	A 0.0 [0.32] 0	Shared	Shared	A 0.00 [0.24] 0	Shared
Hampton Road @ Marr Road / Clark		AM Peak	LOS C 24.9	C 25.9 [0.46] 33	C 26.8 [0.67] 71	Shared	Shared	D 49.1 [0.81] 66	A 5.4 [0.20] 10	C 24.3 [0.26] 16	D 37.1 [0.79] 74	Shared	C 24.0 [0.38] 37	A 9.3 [0.37] 41	A 2.0 [0.10] 5
Road		PM Peak	LOS C 34.6	E 76.4 [0.91] 57	C 21.9 [0.45] 46	Shared	Shared	D 36.9 [0.78] 87	A 4.9 [0.39] 15	C 23.1 [0.22] 17	E 74.1 [1.02] 128	Shared	C 23.2 [0.31] 30	A 8.2 [0.27] 30	A 1.7 [0.20] 7

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PEDESTRIAN ACCESS

The Study Team completed a review of the existing pedestrian infrastructure near the proposed development site. Hampton Road currently features concrete sidewalk adjacent to the curb along both sides of the street. Crosswalks are provided in all directions at the Hampton Road / Marr Road / Clark Road intersection. It is recommended that a pedestrian connection be provided into the development site from Hampton Road. This could be achieved either by extending sidewalk along the north side of the new section of Woodland Avenue, or by providing a walkway directly to the site from Hampton Road.

The proposed development is located along a KV COMEX transit route. The nearest transit stop is located in front of Rothesay High School, which is approximately 350m from the development site.

DRIVEWAY ACCESS AND PARKING

The proposed development will be accessed off a new section of Woodland Avenue. This new section will be located approximately 100 m south of the Hampton Road / Marr Road / Clark Road signalized intersection. This is greater than the minimum corner clearance recommended by the TAC Design Guide, which states that 55 m should be provided between a major signalized intersection and an access road or driveway. It is recommended that the development access off the new section of Woodland Avenue be installed at least 5 m west of Hampton Road in order to adhere to TAC recommendations.

The development's parking facilities have not yet been established, however it is expected that both underground and surface level parking will be provided. According to the Town of Rothesay Zoning By-Law No. 02-10, the parking requirements for multi-unit residential developments vary between 1.1 to 1.5 parking spaces per unit depending on the number of bedrooms that are provided. Barrier-free parking requirements are determined based on the total number of parking spaces required. **Table 3** summarizes the parking requirements for a 40-unit residential building.

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Number of	Spaces Required	Total Spaces	Total Barrier-Free
Bedrooms per Unit	per Unit	Required	Spaces Required
0 (Bachelor)	1.1	44	2
1 to 2	1.3	52	4
3+	1.5	60	4

Table 3 - Parking Lot Requirements

The minimum total number of parking spaces required at the development (underground and at surface level) varies between 44 and 60 spaces depending on the number of bedrooms that will be provided within each residential unit. The minimum number of barrier free spaces varies between 2 and 4.

Englobe Corp.

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SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

In summary, traffic generated by the 40-unit residential development is not expected to cause operational issues to the existing street network. The Hampton Road / Marr Road / Clark Road is expected to continue to operate efficiently during peak periods. During the evening peak period, it is expected that the queue at the south leg of the intersection will extend past the new section of Woodland Avenue, which may result in extra delays for vehicles turning left out of Woodland Avenue.

Pedestrian access to the site is good due to the presence of sidewalks along Hampton Road and crosswalks at the Hampton Road / Marr Road / Clark Road intersection. It is, however, recommended that a walkway into the site from Hampton Road or a sidewalk along the new section of Woodland Avenue be provided to provide direct pedestrian access to the development.

Based on guidance from TAC, it is recommended that a minimum clearance of 5 m be provided between the corner of Woodland Avenue and Hampton Road and the development access. This access will provide access to the development's parking facilities, which, according to the Town's zoning bylaws, must include 44 to 60 parking spaces depending on the number of bedrooms provided within each residential unit.

We trust the enclosed is to your satisfaction. If, however, additional information should be required, please communicate with the undersigned.

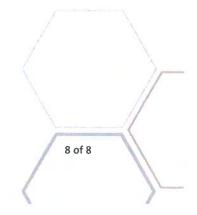
Yours very truly,

Jill DeMerchant, P.Eng., M.Eng.

Transportation Engineer

Peter Allaby, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

Vice President Operations



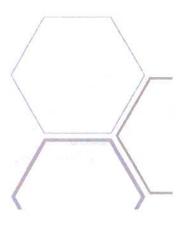
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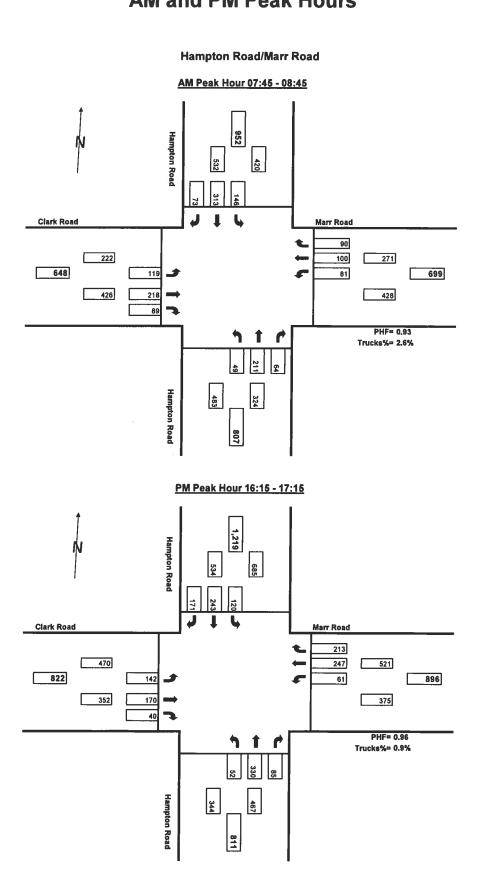
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Appendix A: Traffic Data



2021December1PACStaffRptHampton/Woodland_027 Traffic Count Summary AM and PM Peak Hours

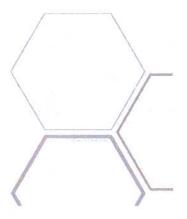


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Appendix B: Level of Service Reports



1 ۶ EBR NBL **NBT** SBT Movement EBL SBR Y Lane Configurations 1 ٦ Traffic Volume (veh/h) 4 365 544 2 4 Future Volume (Veh/h) 7 1 365 544 2 Sign Control Stop Free Free Grade 0% 0% 0% Peak Hour Factor 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 Hourly flow rate (vph) 4 8 392 585 2 1 **Pedestrians** Lane Width (m) Walking Speed (m/s) Percent Blockage Right turn flare (veh) Median type None None Median storage veh) Upstream signal (m) 131 0.89 0.89 pX, platoon unblocked 0.89 vC, conflicting volume 980 586 587 vC1, stage 1 conf vol vC2, stage 2 conf vol vCu, unblocked vol 915 471 472 tC, single (s) 6.4 6.2 4.1 tC, 2 stage (s) 3.5 3.3 2.2 tF(s) p0 queue free % 100 98 99 cM capacity (veh/h) 270 528 963 SB₁ Direction, Lane # EB 1 **NB 1** NB 2 Volume Total 12 1 392 587 Volume Left 0 4 1 0 Volume Right 8 0 0 2 cSH 401 963 1700 1700 Volume to Capacity 0.03 0.00 0.23 0.35 Queue Length 95th (m) 0.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 Control Delay (s) 14.3 8.7 0.0 0.0 Lane LOS B Α 0.0 Approach Delay (s) 14.3 0.0 Approach LOS Intersection Summary Average Delay 0.2 Intersection Capacity Utilization 38.8% ICU Level of Service Analysis Period (min) 15

Hampton Road TIS

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	1	P		Age (September 1)	4		1	P		1	1	- 6
Traffic Volume (vph)	134	246	100	91	113	101	56	240	73	165	355	82
Future Volume (vph)	134	246	100	91	113	101	56	240	73	165	355	82
Satd. Flow (prot)	1752	1765	0	0	1804	1568	1752	1780	0	1752	1845	1568
Flt Permitted	0.558		T (N)		0.486	6. 1	0.535	C. F.	list -	0.950		1 14001 -
Satd. Flow (perm)	1029	1765	0	0	897	1568	987	1780	0	1752	1845	1568
Satd. Flow (RTOR)		30	mersa s	17 11	1	109	7	21		13.9		88
Lane Group Flow (vph)	144	373	0	0	220	109	60	336	0	177	382	88
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA	Perm	Perm	NA		Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases	WELL TO	4			8	PROFILE		2		1	6	A COLO
Permitted Phases	4			8		8	2				Postskii -	6
Total Split (s)	25.0	25.0	1671	25.0	25.0	25.0	22.5	22.5		22.5	45.0	45.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.5	4.5	-		4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5		4.5	4.5	4.5
Act Effct Green (s)	20.5	20.5	What is	MARKA NA	20.5	20.5	15.7	15.7	all the H	18.0	38.3	38.3
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.30	0.30			0.30	0.30	0.23	0.23		0.27	0.56	0.56
v/c Ratio	0.46	0.67		The state of	0.81	0.20	0.26	0.79		0.38	0.37	0.10
Control Delay	25.9	26.8			49.1	5.4	24.3	37.1	. 1	24.0	9.3	2.0
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0		The state of	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	PETRI	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	25.9	26.8			49.1	5.4	24.3	37.1		24.0	9.3	2.0
LOS	C	C			D	A	C	D		C	A	A
Approach Delay		26.5			34.6			35.2			12.3	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Approach LOS		C		PART	C			D			В	SEE ST
Queue Length 50th (m)	16.1	41.3			28.0	0.0	6.5	39.4	-1.11	20.0	25.3	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	33.1	#71.4			#66.0	10.3	16.1	#74.2	100	37.2	41.2	5.1
Internal Link Dist (m)		207.1			251.9			107.5			234.5	
Turn Bay Length (m)		TO SHEET				50.0				75.0		40.0
Base Capacity (vph)	311	555		Bull 1	271	551	262	488	at a	465	1103	973
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	WY.FY		0	0	0	0	16,6%	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0			0	0	0	0	1-1	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	FIRST.	SET :	0	0	0	0		0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.46	0.67	15		0.81	0.20	0.23	0.69		0.38	0.35	0.09

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 70

Actuated Cycle Length: 67.8

Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.81

Intersection Signal Delay: 24.9

Intersection Capacity Utilization 71.2%

Intersection LOS: C

ICU Level of Service C

Analysis Period (min) 15

95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 5: Hampton Rd & Clark Rd/Marr Rd



	A	1	1	50 V	Ţ	4		
Movement	EBL	EBR	NBL	NBT	SBT	SBR		
Lane Configurations	Y		7	*	^			
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	4	3	6	527	388	5		No see Heart See and
Future Volume (Veh/h)	4	3	6	527	388	5		
Sign Control	Stop		- VIII	Free	Free	Translating States		
Grade	0%			0%	0%			
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96		
Hourly flow rate (vph)	4	3	6	549	404	5		
Pedestrians		AND DESCRIPTIONS	TANK T			1521 G. / LOS		OR THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
Lane Width (m)								
Walking Speed (m/s)		A PARK				THE REAL PROPERTY.		
Percent Blockage								
Right turn flare (veh)	A F-9 - 2 T	18 17 1	N. POLITICAL		SVE U.S			
Median type				None	None			
Median storage veh)		UNIVERSE OF STREET	STATE OF THE	SHEET	BRID MICHO	Waller of the law	THE PARTY OF THE P	
Upstream signal (m)					131			
pX, platoon unblocked	0.93	0.93	0.93	Laki	W/WEIDY-	ARTHUR DE L'INST	SUCCESSION.	TO THE REAL PROPERTY.
vC, conflicting volume	968	406	409					
vC1, stage 1 conf vol		a Cileana	MANUAL PARTY	THE PARTY OF				
vC2, stage 2 conf vol							780000000000000000000000000000000000000	
vCu, unblocked vol	929	328	331	THE PARTY	NO PAGE		AND DESIGNATION OF THE PERSON	
tC, single (s)	6.4	6.2	4.1					
C, 2 stage (s)	UNIONE S		(COMPANY)	O I VALUE OF A		100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
F (s)	3.5	3.3	2.2				AND DESCRIPTION OF	
p0 queue free %	99	100	99	THE REAL PROPERTY.	St. March			
cM capacity (veh/h)	277	668	1152		-VV			
				22.4				
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	NB 1	NB 2	SB 1				
Volume Total	7	6	549	409				
Volume Left	4	6	0	0				
Volume Right	3	0	0	5				
SH	369	1152	1700	1700				
Volume to Capacity	0.02	0.01	0.32	0.24				
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	NOTE OF THE PARTY			
Control Delay (s)	14.9	8.1	0.0	0.0				
Lane LOS	В	Α					7.6	
Approach Delay (s)	14.9	0.1		0.0				
Approach LOS	В		11110	AND IN	100	and the same of the same		
ntersection Summary		ino john						
Average Delay			0.2					
ntersection Capacity Utilization	on		37.7%	IC	U Level o	f Service		A
Analysis Period (min)	10.118	91 3	15	10 122 15	1111-1111			

	19 - ali	51/26/25	1020		854500 E		Med Solid	1	(A)		September 1	
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4	VI-200	Valler V	व	7	1	A	THE STATE OF	-	1	1
Traffic Volume (vph)	160	192	46	70	278	240	60	374	97	135	277	193
Future Volume (vph)	160	192	46	70	278	240	60	374	97	135	277	193
Satd. Flow (prot)	1787	1827	0	0	1862	1599	1787	1823	0	1787	1881	1599
Flt Permitted	0.332			2.1	0.843	140	0.583		211	0.950	· Wine	3.5
Satd. Flow (perm)	625	1827	0	0	1586	1599	1097	1823	0	1787	1881	1599
Satd. Flow (RTOR)		17	1	112	1027 77	250	1 110	18		777	(3)	201
Lane Group Flow (vph)	167	248	0	0	363	250	63	491	0	141	289	201
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA	Perm	Perm	NA		Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases		4			8			2		1	6	
Permitted Phases	4	2 7		8		8	2			0.77	77	6
Total Split (s)	25.0	25.0		25.0	25.0	25.0	22.5	22.5		22.5	45.0	45.0
Total Lost Time (s)	4.5	4.5			4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5		4.5	4.5	4.5
Act Effct Green (s)	20.5	20.5	The same	STATE OF THE PARTY OF	20.5	20.5	18.0	18.0	HOLD DIE	18.0	40.5	40.5
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.29	0.29			0.29	0.29	0.26	0.26		0.26	0.58	0.58
v/c Ratio	0.91	0.45			0.78	0.39	0.22	1.02	NEW YORK	0.31	0.27	0.20
Control Delay	76.4	21.9			36.9	4.9	23.1	74.1		23.2	8.2	1.7
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	mary and	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	76.4	21.9			36.9	4.9	23.1	74.1		23.2	8.2	1.7
LOS	EN EN	C			D	A	C	E		C	A	A
Approach Delay		43.8			23.9			68.3	700 0 1	7	9.5	10.000
Approach LOS		D	SUC	ALC:	C		MELE	E	A STATE OF	E COLORS	A	
Queue Length 50th (m)	22.0	25.6			45.5	0.0	6.8	~67.8		15.7	17.8	0.0
Queue Length 95th (m)	#57.4	45.7	1000		#87.1	15.2	16.5	#127.6	The state of	30.1	30.2	7.4
Internal Link Dist (m)		207.1			251.9			107.5			234.5	
Turn Bay Length (m)			THE LANS	314 31 6	N ESTA	50.0				75.0	THE P	40.0
Base Capacity (vph)	183	547	18		464	645	282	482		459	1088	1009
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0	10000	ET ATAE	0	0	0	0	TEN.LI	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0	19	f - 1100	0	0	0	0	TO THE	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0	N.Va		0	0	0	0	B 1 0 ±	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.91	0.45	A PI		0.78	0.39	0.22	1.02	11.19	0.31	0.27	0.20

Intersection Summary

Cycle Length: 70

Actuated Cycle Length: 70

Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 1.02

Intersection Signal Delay: 34.6

Intersection Capacity Utilization 79.5%

Analysis Period (min) 15

Volume exceeds capacity, queue is theoretically infinite.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.





Intersection LOS: C

ICU Level of Service D

J DeMerchant Page 2 506.433.4427 (Sussex)
506.652.1522 (Saint 2021December 1 PACStaffRpt Hampton/Woodland 038 info@dmse.ca
www.dmse.ca
ENGINEERING LTD.

Ref: 21292-WaterDemands

November 23, 2021

Mr. McLean,

Re: 97 Hampton Road - Water Demands - KV Properties

Don-More Surveys & Engineering Ltd. (Don-More) has been engaged to perform hydrant flow testing and analyse available flows relative to projected demands for a proposed new development located at 97 Hampton Road.

We understand the proposed development is a 4 story building with a footprint of 1165m². There are 36 proposed apartment units.

Using the Fire Underwriters Survey 1999 version, we can calculate the projected firefighting demands for the building. Full calculations are included in Appendix A. From this we see for non-combustible construction a peak demand of 1023gpm, and for limited combustible construction a peak demand of 1159gpm.

We can then calculate the peak domestic demands for the building. 36 residential units create a max hourly demand of 17gpm.

A hydrant flow test was conducted on November 23, 2021. Details of this test are included in schedule B.

Looking at a total combined projected demand of 1176gpm (1159gpm+17gpm), and comparing to the hydrant flow test we see a projected system pressure of about 40psi at peak demand. This is considered acceptable and based on this information we feel the system will support this development.

Closing

We trust this is sufficient for your present needs. Please feel free to contact the undersigned at 506.636.2136 or at <u>at@dmse.ca</u> for any additional information or clarification.

Yours truly,

Don-More Surveys & Engineering Ltd.

Andrew Toole

Andrew Toole, NBLS, P.Eng.

Appendix A

Projected Flow Calculations

2021December1PACStaffRptHampton/Woodland 036

Fire Flow Calculations 21292- 97 Hampton Road

From "Fire Underwriters Survey- 1999 Water Supply for Public Fire Protection"

F= 220C√A

where: F= required fire flow in litres per minute (LPM)

C= Coefficient related to the type of construction

A= Total floor area (m²)

Part 1: Determining an Esitmate of Fire Flow

Assuming fire resistive construction (C=0.6)

Note: For fire resistive buildings, consider the two largest ajoinging floors plus 50% of each floor immediatley above them.

A= 2*1040+(0.5*2*1040)

3120 m²

7373.12 LPM F=

Part 2: Reduction for Non-Combustible or Limited Combustible

For Non-Combustible (-25%)

5529.84 LPM

For Limited Combustible (-15%)

F= 6267.15 LPM

Part 3: Reduction for Sprinklers (-30%)

Range of Demands depending on Non-

Combustible vs Limited Combustible:

For Non-Combustible

F= 3870.89 LPM

For Limited Combustible 4387.01 LPM

1022.7 GPM 1159.0 GPM

Note: The are additional reductions related to sprinklers therefore this should be considered a consetvative flow rate

2021December1PACStaffRptHampton/Woodland 037

Domestic Demand Calculations 21292- 97 Hampton Road

Residential Portion of Building

Units 36 Units

Population 90 Persons (2.5 people/unit)

Site area N/A m²

Domestic Demands

Average Daily Demand 410 L/person Max daily demand 680 L/person Max hourly demand 1025 L/person

 Avg Day
 0.427 l/s
 25.6 l/min
 6.8 Gal/min (US)

 Max day
 0.708 l/s
 42.5 l/min
 11.2 Gal/min (US)

 Max hour
 1.068 l/s
 64.1 l/min
 16.9 Gal/min (US)

Appendix B

Hydrant Flow Test

2021December1PACStaffRptHampton/Woodland 039

Project: KV Properties

Date: November 23, 2021

Location: 97 Hampton Road, Rothesay

System Info:

Pipe size: 200mm Looped: Yes

Notes:



Test Data:

Residual Hydrant: Northeast of Rothesay High School Flow Hydrant: Intersection of Scott & Hampton Roads

Static pressure:

55 psi

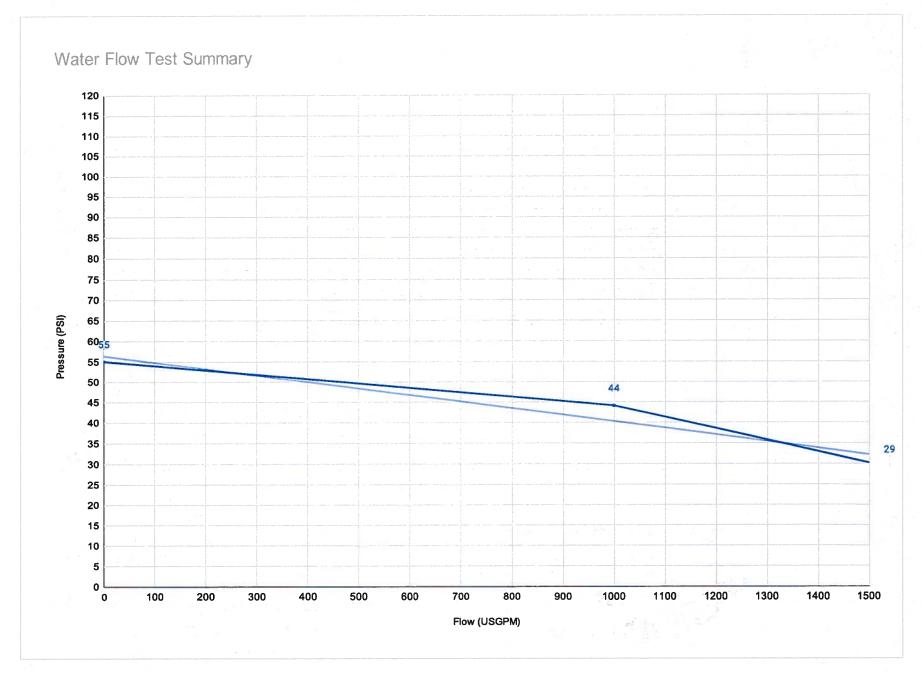
Time of Test:

9:30 AM

Pitot coefficent:

0.88

Test #	# of outlets	Orifice sizes (inches)	Pitot readings (psi)	Equivalent flow (usgpm)	Total flow (usgpm)	Residual Pressure (psi)
0	0			0	0	55
1	1	2.5	37	1000	1000	44
2	2	2.5	22	770	1540	29
3	1	2.5		0	0	
4	2	2.5		0	0	
5	1	2.5		0	0	
6	2	2.5		0	0	



2021December1PACStaffRptHampton/Woodland_041

